The COOL Health Partnership Scheme Programme is well under way across the ten countries of the College of Surgeons of East, Central and Southern Africa (COSECSA), supporting multi-level training and epidemiological research into trauma and musculoskeletal impairment (TMSI). Thank you to all our volunteers and partner organisations for their valuable support. Here is a summary of the first year’s activities.

**Primary Trauma Care (PTC) training**

We have seen Primary Trauma Care training scaled up with new courses so far in Kenya, Uganda, Malawi, Mozambique, Rwanda and Zimbabwe. Our aim is to enable around 45 PTC courses in trauma management training for front-line staff across the ten COSECSA countries. The courses have been led by teams of PTC country organising committees, COSECSA representatives, and experienced PTC instructors.

Since the start of the programme, over 200 health workers have taken the PTC course, and over 50 have been trained as PTC instructors. Around 30 UK volunteer surgeons and anaesthetists have been involved in training and support for the courses.
Primary Trauma Care (PTC) training

Kenya, December 2012

Uganda, February 2013

Rwanda, April 2013

Malawi, February 2013

Mozambique, March 2013
Clinical Fellowships in Paediatric Orthopaedics

Since January 2013 ten trainees have taken up clinical fellowships (up to six months) in children’s orthopaedics at four teaching hospitals in the region: Beit CURE International Hospital Malawi, AIC-CURE International Children’s Hospital of Kenya, CURE Ethiopia Children’s Hospital (CECH) & Beit CURE Hospital of Zambia.

Epidemiological Research into Trauma and Musculoskeletal Impairment (TMSI)

Some of the epidemiology studies that have started are:

- A Key Informant Methodology study into the prevalence of childhood disability, led by the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, with co-funding from CBM, CURE International UK, and Liliane Foundation. The study trains existing community leaders to identify children with disabilities. These children are then referred to medical screening camps where impairments are assessed and the children (and caregivers) are referred to available clinical and social services. The results of this study will provide useful information that can be used to improve the provision of health care and other services for children with disabilities.

- A survey to assess capacity for TMSI care in the COSECSA region.

- A retrospective review of medical records in district hospitals, to assess the burden of trauma in Malawi.

- Establishment of a trauma registry at Queen Elizabeth Central Hospital, Blantyre, to inform injury prevention and improve trauma care.

- Small grants ($1000 USD) awarded to COSECSA trainees who are interested in research studies into trauma, to develop regional research capacity in TMSI.

We have seen a variety of cases in paediatric orthopaedics and the results of the operations are rewarding... I have got good knowledge and skills from it.'

Dr Ebrahim Ahmed, COSECSA trainee at CURE Ethiopia Children’s Hospital, March 2013

Advanced Orthopaedics Courses

The first COOL one-week surgical training course (paediatrics) will be held at the Beit CURE International Hospital, Blantyre, in July 2013 with a focus on paediatrics. Around thirty COSECSA trainees will receive specialist training from both local teaching faculty and instructors from the Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre, Oxford.
Developing Partnerships in Global Surgery

The COOL programme is developing links with a wide range of individuals and organisations with an interest in global surgery and TMSI treatment needs.

Primary Trauma Care Foundation meeting with COSECSA country trauma training representatives, COSECSA AGM, Addis Ababa, December 2012

COSECSA Oxford Orthopaedic Link (COOL) is a multi-country partnership programme between the Nuffield Department of Orthopaedics, Rheumatology and Musculoskeletal Sciences (NDORMS) at the University of Oxford (based at the Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre) and the College of Surgeons of East Central and Southern Africa (COSECSA).

The three-year programme (2012-2015) combines research and training in trauma and musculoskeletal impairment (TMSI) care across ten sub-Saharan countries in the COSECSA region: Burundi, Ethiopia, Kenya, Mozambique, Malawi, Rwanda, Tanzania, Uganda, Zambia and Zimbabwe. It aims to meet the critical need for more health workers trained in treating serious injury and musculoskeletal impairment in the region.